

Public Policy Accountability for Education Committee

Filed: 5/20/2009

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 226 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 226 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 4 1A-8, 3-7, 3-15.5, 10-9, 10-22.45, 23-3, and 23-6 and by adding 5 Sections 10-16.9, 10-17b, 10-17c, 10-17d, 10-20.46, 23-5.5, 6 7 34-18.37, 34-18.38, 34-18.39, 34-18.40, and 34-18.41 as 8 follows: 9 (105 ILCS 5/1A-8) (from Ch. 122, par. 1A-8) 10 Sec. 1A-8. Powers of the Board in Assisting Districts Deemed in Financial Difficulties. To promote the financial 11 12 integrity of school districts, the State Board of Education shall be provided the necessary powers to promote sound 13 financial management and continue operation of the public

The State Superintendent of Education may require a school

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district, including any district subject to Article 34A of this Code, to share financial information relevant to a proper investigation of the district's financial condition and the delivery of appropriate State financial, technical, consulting services to the district if the district (i) has been designated, through the State Board of Education's School District Financial Profile System, as on financial warning or financial watch status, (ii) has failed to file an annual financial report, annual budget, deficit reduction plan, or other financial information as required by law, or (iii) has been identified, through the district's annual audit or other financial and management information, as in serious financial difficulty in the current or next school year. In addition to financial, technical, and consulting services provided by the State Board of Education, at the request of a school district, the State Superintendent may provide for an independent financial consultant to assist the district review its financial condition and options.

The State Board of Education, after proper investigation of a district's financial condition, may certify that a district, including any district subject to Article 34A, is in financial difficulty when any of the following conditions occur:

- (1) The district has issued school or teacher orders for wages as permitted in Sections 8-16, 32-7.2 and 34-76 of this Code;
- (2) The district has issued tax anticipation warrants

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or tax anticipation notes in anticipation of a second year's taxes when warrants or notes in anticipation of current year taxes are still outstanding, as authorized by Sections 17-16, 34-23, 34-59 and 34-63 of this Code, or has issued short-term debt against 2 future revenue sources, such as, but not limited to, tax anticipation warrants and State Aid certificates or tax anticipation warrants and revenue anticipation notes;

- (3) The district has for 2 consecutive years shown an excess of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources and beginning fund balances on its annual financial report for the aggregate totals of the Educational, Operations and Maintenance, Transportation, and Working Cash Funds;
- The district refuses to provide financial information or cooperate with the State Superintendent in an investigation of the district's financial condition.

No school district shall be certified by the State Board of Education to be in financial difficulty by reason of any of the above circumstances (i) arising as a result of the failure of the county to make any distribution of property tax money due the district at the time such distribution is due; (ii) arising as a result of the inability of the State to disburse reimbursements authorized under Sections 14-7.02, 14-7.02b, 14-7.03, 14-13.01, 18-3, 18-11, 18-4.3, and 29-5 for receipt by the school district no later than June 30th of each year; or

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(iii) if the district clearly demonstrates to the satisfaction State Board of Education at the time of determination that such condition no longer exists. If the State Board of Education certifies that a district in a city with 500,000 inhabitants or more is in financial difficulty, the State Board shall so notify the Governor and the Mayor of the city in which the district is located. The State Board of Education may require school districts certified in financial difficulty, except those districts subject to Article 34A, to develop, adopt and submit a financial plan within 45 days after certification of financial difficulty. The financial plan shall be developed according to guidelines presented to the district by the State Board of Education within 14 days of certification. Such quidelines shall address the specific nature of each district's financial difficulties. Any proposed budget of the district shall be consistent with the financial plan submitted to and approved by the State Board of Education.

A district certified to be in financial difficulty, other than a district subject to Article 34A, shall report to the State Board of Education at such times and in such manner as the State Board may direct, concerning the district's compliance with each financial plan. The State Board may review the district's operations, obtain budgetary data and financial statements, require the district to produce reports, and have access to any other information in the possession of the district that it deems relevant. The State Board may issue

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1 recommendations or directives within its powers to the district to assist in compliance with the financial plan. The district 2 shall produce such budgetary data, financial statements, 3 4 reports and other information and comply with such directives. 5 If the State Board of Education determines that a district has failed to comply with its financial plan, the State Board of 6 Education may rescind approval of the plan and appoint a 7 8 Financial Oversight Panel for the district as provided in 9 Section 1B-4. This action shall be taken only after the 10 district has been given notice and an opportunity to appear 11 before the State Board of Education to discuss its failure to comply with its financial plan. 12

No bonds, notes, teachers orders, tax anticipation warrants or other evidences of indebtedness shall be issued or sold by a school district or be legally binding upon or enforceable against a local board of education of a district certified to be in financial difficulty unless and until the financial plan required under this Section has been approved by the State Board of Education.

Any financial watch list distributed by the State Board of Education pursuant to this Section shall designate those school districts on the watch list that would not otherwise be on the watch list were it not for the inability or refusal of the State of Illinois to make timely disbursements of any payments due school districts or to fully reimburse school districts for mandated categorical programs pursuant to reimbursement

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- formulas provided in this School Code.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-234, eff. 7-1-06.)
- 3 (105 ILCS 5/3-7) (from Ch. 122, par. 3-7)

4 Sec. 3-7. Failure to prepare and forward information. 5 the trustees of schools of any township in Class II county school units, or any school district which forms a part of a 6 7 Class II county school unit but which is not subject to the 8 jurisdiction of the trustees of schools of any township in 9 which such district is located, or any school district in any 10 Class I county school units fail to prepare and forward or 11 cause to be prepared and forwarded to the regional 12 superintendent of schools, reports required by this Act, the shall 13 regional superintendent of schools furnish 14 information or he shall employ a person or persons to furnish 15 such information, as far as practicable. Such person shall have access to the books, records and papers of the school district 16 17 to enable him or them to prepare such reports, and the school 18 district shall permit such person or persons to examine such 19 books, records and papers at such time and such place as such 20 person or persons may desire for the purpose aforesaid. For 21 such services the regional superintendent of schools shall bill 22 the district an amount to cover the cost of preparation of such reports if he employs a person to prepare such reports. 23

Each school district shall, as of June 30 of each year, cause an audit of its accounts to be made by a person lawfully

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qualified to practice public accounting as regulated by the Illinois Public Accounting Act. Such audit shall include (i) development of a risk assessment of internal controls, (ii) an annual review and update of the risk assessment, and (iii) an annual management letter that analyzes significant risk assessment findings, recommends changes for strengthening controls and reducing identified risks, and specifies timeframes for implementation of these recommendations, as well as financial statements of the district applicable to the type of records required by other sections of this Act and in addition shall set forth the scope of audit and shall include the professional opinion signed by the auditor, or if such an opinion is denied by the auditor, shall set forth the reasons for such denial. Each school district shall on or before October 15 of each year, submit an original and one copy of the such audit to the regional superintendent of schools in the educational service region having jurisdiction in which case the regional superintendent of schools shall be relieved of responsibility in regard to the accounts of the school district. If any school district fails to supply the regional superintendent of schools with a copy of such audit report on or before October 15, or within such time extended by the regional superintendent of schools from that date, not to exceed 60 days, then it shall be the responsibility of the regional superintendent of schools having jurisdiction to cause such audit to be made by employing an accountant licensed

to practice in the State of Illinois to conduct such audit and shall bill the district for such services, or shall with the personnel of his office make such audit to his satisfaction and bill the district for such service. In the latter case, if the audit is made by personnel employed in the office of the regional superintendent of schools having jurisdiction, then the regional superintendent of schools shall not be relieved of the responsibility as to the accountability of the school district. The copy of the audit shall be forwarded by the regional superintendent to the State Board of Education on or before November 15 of each year and shall be filed by the State Board of Education. Beginning on July 1, 2010, all school districts shall utilize a competitive request for proposals process at least once every 5 years when contracting for such an annual audit.

Each school district that is the administrative district for several school districts operating under a joint agreement as authorized by this Act shall, as of June 30 each year, cause an audit of the accounts of the joint agreement to be made by a person lawfully qualified to practice public accounting as regulated by the Illinois Public Accounting Act. Such audit shall include (i) development of a risk assessment of internal controls, (ii) an annual review and update of the risk assessment, and (iii) an annual management letter that analyzes significant risk assessment findings, recommends changes for strengthening controls and reducing identified risks, and

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specifies timeframes for implementation of these recommendations, as well as financial statements of the operation of the joint agreement applicable to the type of records required by this Act and, in addition, shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include the professional opinion signed by the auditor, or if such an opinion is denied, the auditor shall set forth the reason for such denial. Each administrative district of a joint agreement shall on or before October 15 each year, submit an original and one copy of such audit to the regional superintendent of schools in the educational service region having jurisdiction in which case the regional superintendent of schools shall be relieved of responsibility in regard to the accounts of the joint agreement. The copy of the audit shall be forwarded by the regional superintendent to the State Board of Education on or before November 15 of each year and shall be filed by the State Board of Education. The cost of such an audit shall be apportioned among and paid by the several districts who are parties to the joint agreement, in the same manner as other costs and expenses accruing to the districts jointly. Beginning on July 1, 2010, all school districts operating under a joint agreement shall utilize a competitive request for proposals process at least once every 5 years when contracting for such an annual audit.

The State Board of Education shall determine the adequacy

of the audits. All audits shall be kept on file in the office

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of the State Board of Education.
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(Source: P.A. 86-1441; 87-473.) 2

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         (105 ILCS 5/3-15.5) (from Ch. 122, par. 3-15.5)
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4 Sec. 3-15.5. Removal of school board members. To remove any 5 member of a school board from office for willful wilful failure to perform his or her official duties, after an investigation 6 that results in such claims being substantiated. Within 10 days 7 8 after completing an investigation of a board member, regardless 9 of the outcome of the investigation, the regional 10 superintendent of schools shall send a written report of his or her investigation and findings to (i) the appropriate State's 11 12 Attorney if criminal activity is suspected, (ii) the school 13 board president and superintendent of the school district 14 identified or referenced in the findings, (iii) the person who made a report resulting in an investigation, if any, and (iv) 15 the person who is the subject of the investigation. 16

(Source: Laws 1961, p. 31.) 17

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18 (105 ILCS 5/10-9) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-9)

Sec. 10-9. Interest of board member or general counsel in 19 20 contracts.

(a) No school board member shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in his own name or in the name of any other person, association, trust or corporation, in any contract, work or business of the district or in the sale of any article,

suit of the district.

1	whenever the expense, price or consideration of the contract,
2	work, business or sale is paid either from the treasury or by
3	any assessment levied by any statute or ordinance. No school
4	board member or general counsel shall be interested, directly
5	or indirectly, in the purchase of any property which (1)
6	belongs to the district, or (2) is sold for taxes or
7	assessments, or (3) is sold by virtue of legal process at the

- (b) However, any board member may provide materials, merchandise, property, services or labor, if:
 - A. the contract is with a person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or cooperative association in which the board member has less than a 7 1/2% share in the ownership; and
 - B. such interested board member publicly discloses the nature and extent of his interest prior to or during deliberations concerning the proposed award of the contract; and
 - C. such interested board member abstains from voting on the award of the contract, though he shall be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum; and
 - D. such contract is approved by a majority vote of those board members presently holding office; and
 - E. the contract is awarded after sealed bids to the lowest responsible bidder if the amount of the contract exceeds \$1500, or awarded without bidding if the amount of

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the contract is less than \$1500; and 1

- F. the award of the contract would not cause the aggregate amount of all such contracts so awarded to the same person, firm, association, partnership, corporation or cooperative association in the same fiscal year to exceed \$25,000.
- 7 (c) In addition to the above exemption, any board member 8 may provide materials, merchandise, property, services or labor if: 9
 - A. the award of the contract is approved by a majority vote of the board provided that any such interested member shall abstain from voting; and
 - B. the amount of the contract does not exceed \$1,000; and
 - C. the award of the contract would not cause the aggregate amount of all such contracts so awarded to the same person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, or cooperative association in the same fiscal year to exceed \$2,000, except with respect to a board member of a school district in which the materials, merchandise, property, services, or labor to be provided under the contract are not available from any other person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, or cooperative association in the district, in which event the award of the contract shall not cause the aggregate amount of all contracts so awarded to that same person, firm,

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- 1 association, partnership, or cooperative association in the same fiscal year to exceed \$5,000; and 2
 - such interested member publicly discloses nature and extent of his interest prior to or during deliberations concerning the proposed award of the contract; and
 - E. such interested member abstains from voting on the award of the contract, though he shall be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum.
 - (d) In addition to exemptions otherwise authorized by this Section, any board member may purchase for use as the board member's primary place of residence a house constructed by the district's vocational education students on the same basis that any other person would be entitled to purchase the property. The sale of the house by the district must comply with the requirements set forth in Section 5-22 of The School Code.
 - (e) A contract for the procurement of public utility services by a district with a public utility company is not barred by this Section by one or more members of the board being an officer or employee of the public utility company or holding an ownership interest of no more than 7 1/2% in the public utility company, or holding an ownership interest of any size if the school district has a population of less than 7,500 and the public utility's rates are approved by the Illinois Commerce Commission. An elected or appointed member of the board having such an interest shall be deemed not to have a

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prohibited interest under this Section.

Nothing contained in this Section, including the restrictions set forth in subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e), shall preclude a contract of deposit of monies, loans or other financial services by a school district with a local bank or local savings and loan association, regardless of whether a member or members of the governing body of the school district are interested in such bank or savings and loan association as an officer or employee or as a holder of less than 7 1/2% of the total ownership interest. A member or members holding such an interest in such a contract shall not be deemed to be holding a prohibited interest for purposes of this Act. Such interested member or members of the governing body must publicly state the nature and extent of their interest during deliberations concerning the proposed award of such a contract, but shall not participate in any further deliberations concerning proposed award. Such interested member or members shall not vote on such a proposed award. Any member or members abstaining from participation in deliberations and voting under this Section may be considered present for purposes of establishing a quorum. Award of such a contract shall require approval by a majority vote of those members presently holding office. Consideration and award of any such contract in which a member or members are interested may only be made at a regularly scheduled public meeting of the governing body of the school district.

- 1 (q) Any school board member or general counsel who violates
- this Section is quilty of a Class 4 felony and in addition 2
- thereto any office held by such person so convicted shall 3
- 4 become vacant and shall be so declared as part of the judgment
- 5 of the court.
- (Source: P.A. 89-244, eff. 8-4-95.) 6
- 7 (105 ILCS 5/10-16.9 new)
- 8 Sec. 10-16.9. Complaint policy. Each school board shall
- 9 adopt a policy allowing a person to report to the school board
- 10 if he or she believes that the school board or an individual
- school board member or employee has violated State or federal 11
- 12 law or board policy. The complaint policy shall include each of
- 13 the following:
- 14 (1) Instructions for filing a complaint under this
- 15 Section.
- (2) A complaint resolution process that includes, when 16
- appropriate, referral to the appropriate State's Attorney 17
- 18 or the regional superintendent of schools.
- 19 (3) A statement that an elective school board office
- becomes vacant whenever, among other reasons, a school 20
- 21 board member is convicted of an infamous crime, an offense
- involving a violation of official oath, or a violent crime 22
- 23 against a child, pursuant to item (5) of Section 10-11 of
- this Code, of having a prohibited interest in a district 24
- 25 contract under Section 10-9 of this Code, of official

1	misconduct under Section 33-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
2	or of bid-rigging under Section 33E-3 of the Criminal Code
3	<u>of 1961.</u>
4	(4) A statement that the appropriate regional
5	superintendent of schools is authorized to remove a school
6	board member from office for willful failure to perform
7	official duties pursuant to Section 3-15.5 of this Code.
8	Within 10 days after completing an investigation of a
9	complaint referred to him or her under a board policy
10	implementing this Section, the regional superintendent of
11	schools or State's Attorney shall send a written report of his
12	or her investigation and findings to the school board president
13	and superintendent of the school district identified or
14	referenced in the findings, the person who made the initial
15	complaint, and any person who is the subject of the complaint.
16	(105 ILCS 5/10-17b new)
17	Sec. 10-17b. Financial policies. Each school board shall
18	adopt a formal, written financial policy. The policy may
19	<pre>include information in the following areas:</pre>
20	(1) Debt capacity, issuance, and management.
21	(2) Capital asset management.
22	(3) Reserve or stabilization funds.
23	(4) Periodic budget to actual comparison reports.
24	(5) Fees and charges.
25	(6) The use of one-time revenue.

- 1 (7) Risk management.
- 2 (8) Purchasing.
- (9) Vehicle acquisition and maintenance. 3
- 4 The school board shall make the policy publicly available.
- 5 (105 ILCS 5/10-17c new)
- Sec. 10-17c. Long-term financial plan. Each school board 6 shall develop a long-term financial plan that extends over at 7 8 least a 3-year period and that is updated and approved 9 annually. The plan must include multi-year forecasts of revenues, expenditures, and debt. The school board may make the 10 plan available to the public by publishing it as a separate 11 document and submitting it with the annual budget or by posting 12 13 the plan as a document on the school district's Internet 14 website, if any. The forecasts that are the foundation of the 15 plan must be available to participants in the budget process before budgetary decisions are made. The public must be 16 provided opportunities for providing dialog with respect to the 17 18 long-term financial planning process.
- 19 (105 ILCS 5/10-17d new)
- Sec. 10-17d. Capital improvement plan. Each school board 20 21 shall develop a 5-year capital improvement plan that is updated 22 and approved annually. The plan must include a summary list of 23 the description of the capital projects to be completed over 24 the next 5 years, along with projected expenditures, and

1	revenue sources. The school board shall make the plan available
2	to the public. The school board shall hold a public hearing on
3	the capital improvement plan, which hearing may be held at a
4	regularly scheduled meeting of the board.
5	(105 ILCS 5/10-20.46 new)
6	Sec. 10-20.46. School district financial accountability.
7	(a) A school board shall annually include a user-friendly
8	executive summary as part of the district's budget. The
9	executive summary shall include all of the following:
10	(1) The district's major goals and objectives.
11	(2) A discussion of the major financial factors and
12	trends affecting the budget, such as changes in revenues,
13	enrollment, and debt.
14	(3) A description of the budget process.
15	(4) An overview of revenues and expenditures for all
16	funds, including 3 to 5 years of prior trends.
17	(5) An explanation of significant financial and
18	demographic trends.
19	(6) An explanation of the reasons for a budget deficit
20	and an explanation of how the deficit is being addressed.
21	(7) A budget forecast for 3 to 5 years in the future.
22	(8) Student enrollment trends, including a future
23	<pre>forecast.</pre>
24	(9) The number of personnel by type.
25	(10) Changes in debt burden.

- 1 (b) A school board shall annually include in the full budget document the following items; any or all of the 2 following items may be published as separate documents provided 3 4 that they are explicitly referenced in the annual budget and 5 provided that they are made publicly available at the same time
- as the budget document: 6
- 7 (1) An organizational chart.
- 8 (2) Formal financial policies.
- 9 (3) The district's long-term financial plan or a 10 summary of the long-term financial plan.
- (4) The district's capital improvement plan or a 11 12 summary of the capital improvement plan.
- (105 ILCS 5/10-22.45) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.45) 13
- 14 Sec. 10-22.45. A school board shall $\frac{\pi_0}{2}$ establish an audit
- 15 committee, which may include and to appoint members of the
- board, or other appropriate officers, or persons who do not serve on the board to the committee, to review audit reports 17
- 18 and any other financial reports and documents, including
- 19 management letters prepared by or on behalf of the board.
- Nothing in this Section prohibits a school district from 20
- 21 maintaining its own internal audit function.
- (Source: P.A. 82-644.) 22

- 23 (105 ILCS 5/23-3) (from Ch. 122, par. 23-3)
- 24 Sec. 23-3. Filing copy of constitution, by-laws and

- 1 amendments. Within 30 days after the adoption by any such
- association of its constitution or by-laws or any amendment 2
- thereto, it shall file a copy thereof, certified by its 3
- 4 president and executive director, with the Governor, the State
- 5 Superintendent of Education, Public Instruction and the
- 6 regional county superintendent of schools of each region county
- in which it has any membership. 7
- 8 (Source: Laws 1961, p. 31.)
- 9 (105 ILCS 5/23-5.5 new)
- 10 Sec. 23-5.5. Professional development and training. Any
- such association shall offer professional development and 11
- 12 training to school board members on topics that include, but
- 13 are not limited to, basics of school finance, financial
- 14 oversight and accountability, labor law and collective
- bargaining, ethics, duties and responsibilities of a school 15
- board member, and board governance principles. Every school 16
- board member is expected to receive at least 4 hours of 17
- 18 professional development and training per year.
- (105 ILCS 5/23-6) (from Ch. 122, par. 23-6) 19
- 20 Sec. 23-6. Annual report. Each association shall make an
- 21 annual report within 60 days after the close of its fiscal year
- 22 to the Governor, the State Board of Education and the regional
- 23 superintendent of schools of each region in which it has
- 24 members, setting forth the activities of the association for

- 1 the preceding fiscal year, the institutes held, the subjects
- 2 discussed, and the attendance, and shall furnish the Governor,
- 3 the State Board of Education and such regional superintendents
- 4 with copies of all publications sent to its members. The
- 5 association shall include the board training topics offered and
- the number of school board members that availed themselves of 6
- professional development and training. 7
- (Source: P.A. 81-1508.) 8
- 9 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.37 new)
- 10 Sec. 34-18.37. Financial policies. The board shall adopt a
- formal, written financial policy. The policy may include 11
- 12 information in the following areas:
- 13 (1) Debt capacity, issuance, and management.
- 14 (2) Capital asset management.
- (3) Reserve or stabilization funds. 15
- (4) Periodic budget to actual comparison reports. 16
- 17 (5) Fees and charges.
- 18 (6) The use of one-time revenue.
- 19 (7) Risk management.
- 20 (8) Purchasing.
- 21 (9) Vehicle acquisition and maintenance.
- 22 The board shall make the policy publicly available.
- 23 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.38 new)
- 24 Sec. 34-18.38. Long-term financial plan. The board shall

1 develop a long-term financial plan that extends over at least a 2 3-year period and that is updated and approved annually. The 3 plan must include multi-year forecasts of revenues, 4 expenditures, and debt. The board may make the plan available 5 to the public by publishing it as a separate document and submitting it with the annual budget or by posting the plan as 6 7 a document on the school district's Internet website. The 8 forecasts that are the foundation of the plan must be available 9 to participants in the budget process before budgetary 10 decisions are made. The public must be provided opportunities for providing dialog with respect to the long-term financial 11 12 planning process.

13 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.39 new)

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Sec. 34-18.39. Capital improvement plan. The board shall develop a 5-year capital improvement plan that is updated and approved annually. The plan must include a summary list of the description of the capital projects to be completed over the next 5 years, along with projected expenditures, and revenue sources. The board shall make the plan available to the public. The board shall hold a public hearing on the capital improvement plan, which hearing may be held at a regularly scheduled meeting of the board.

23 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.40 new)

Sec. 34-18.40. School district financial accountability.

1	(a) The board shall annually include a user-friendly
2	executive summary as part of the district's budget. The
3	executive summary shall include all of the following:
4	(1) The district's major goals and objectives.
5	(2) A discussion of the major financial factors and
6	trends affecting the budget, such as changes in revenues,
7	enrollment, and debt.
8	(3) A description of the budget process.
9	(4) An overview of revenues and expenditures for all
10	funds, including 3 to 5 years of prior trends.
11	(5) An explanation of significant financial and
12	demographic trends.
13	(6) An explanation of the reasons for a budget deficit
14	and an explanation of how the deficit is being addressed.
15	(7) A budget forecast for 3 to 5 years in the future.
16	(8) Student enrollment trends, including a future
17	<u>forecast.</u>
18	(9) The number of personnel by type.
19	(10) Changes in debt burden.
20	(b) The board shall annually include in the full budget
21	document the following items; any or all of the following items
22	may be published as separate documents provided that they are
23	explicitly referenced in the annual budget and provided that
24	they are made publicly available at the same time as the budget
25	document:
26	(1) An organizational chart.

(1) An organizational chart.

- 2 (3) The district's long-term financial plan or a 3 summary of the long-term financial plan.
- 4 (4) The district's capital improvement plan or a 5 summary of the capital improvement plan.
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.41 new)
- 7 Sec. 34-18.41. Audit committee. The board shall establish 8 an audit committee, which may include members of the board, 9 other appropriate officers, or persons who do not serve on the board, to review the board's independent auditor's report on 10 the comprehensive annual financial report and other financial 11 12 reports and documents, including management letters. Nothing 13 in this Section prohibits the school district from maintaining 14 its own internal audit function.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 15 becoming law, except that the provisions changing Sections 3-7, 16 10-22.45, and 23-6 and adding Sections 10-17b, 10-17c, 10-17d, 17 18 10-20.46, 23-5.5, 34-18.37, 34-18.39, 34-18.40, and 34-18.41 19 of the School Code take effect July 1, 2010.".